

Questions on 2.8 HW? 2.7
HW is due today and we are
quizzing.

SM2 Module 2 SE.pdf - Adobe Acrobat Reader DC

File Edit View Window Help

Home Tools SM2 Module 2 SE.p... x

50 / 59 125%

Multiply the following binomials using the given two-way table to assist you.

Example: $(2x + 3)(5x - 7)$

$(2x + 3)$	$(5x - 7)$	
		$= 10x^2 + x - 21$
$10x^2$	$-14x$	
$+15x$	-21	

1. $(3x - 4)(7x - 5)$

2. $(9x + 2)(x + 6)$

3. $(4x - 3)(3x + 11)$

$4x - 3$	$3x + 11$	
		$= 12x^2 + 35x - 33$
$12x^2$	$-9x$	
$+44x$	-33	

4. $(7x + 3)(7x - 3)$

5. $(3x - 10)(3x + 10)$

6. $(11x + 5)(11x - 5)$

7. $(4x + 5)^2$

8. $(x + 9)^2$

9. $(10x - 7)^2$

8.50 x 11.00 in

51 / 59

16. $y = \frac{3}{5}(x - 25)(x - 9)$

a. Vertex: $(17, -38.4)$

b. x-inter(s) $(25, 0); (9, 0)$

c. y-inter $(0, 135)$

d. Stretch $\frac{3}{5}$

19. $y = \frac{2}{3}(x + 10)(x + 10)$

a. Vertex:

x-intercept \rightarrow make $y=0$

$$0 = \frac{3}{5}(x-25)(x-9)$$

$$x-25=0$$

$$x=25$$

$$if\ x=25,$$

$$y = \frac{3}{5}(25-25)(25-9)$$

$$y = \frac{3}{5}(0)(16)$$

$$y = 0 \rightarrow (25, 0)$$

$$x-9=0$$

$$x=9$$

$$if\ x=9,$$

$$y = \frac{3}{5}(9-25)(9-9)$$

$$y = \frac{3}{5}(-16)(0)$$

$$y = 0 \rightarrow (9, 0)$$

y-intercept, make $x=0$

$$y = \frac{3}{5}(0-25)(0-9)$$

$$y = \frac{3}{5}(-25)(-9)$$

$$y = -15(-9)$$

$$y = 135 \rightarrow (0, 135)$$

vertex: $(17, -38.4)$

$$\frac{9+25}{2} = \frac{34}{2} = 17 = x$$

$$y = \frac{3}{5}(17-25)(17-9)$$

$$y = \frac{3}{5}(-8)(8)$$

$$y = \frac{3}{5}(-64)$$

$$y = -38.4$$



64

24. $y = -3(x - 2)^2 + 48$

25. $y = (x + 6)^2 - 1$

a. Vertex: (2, 48)

a. Vertex: (-6, -1)

b. x-inter(s) (6, 0), (-2, 0)

b. x-inter(s) _____

c. y-inter: (0, 54)

c. y-inter _____

d. Stretch -3

d. Stretch _____

What the parabolas in problems 11, 12, & 13 are the same as the ones in problems 23, 24, & 25 respectively? If you didn't, go back and compare the answers in problems 23, 24, & 25.

y-intercept, make x=0

x-intercept, make y=0

$0 = -3(x-2)^2 + 48$

$y = -3(0-2)^2 + 48$

$y = -3(-2)^2 + 48$

$y = 6 + 48$

$y = 54 \rightarrow (0, 54)$

$-48 \qquad -48$

$-48 = -3(x-2)^2$

$\sqrt{16} = \sqrt{(x-2)^2}$

$\pm 4 = x - 2$

$+2 \qquad +2$

$2 \pm 4 = x$

$x = 2 + 4 = 6 \rightarrow (6, 0)$

$x = 2 - 4 = -2 \rightarrow (-2, 0)$

Quadratics Quiz #4: Factoring Quadratics

Factor the following into the factors of c that add up to b in $f(x)=ax^2+bx+c$

$$1) x^2 + 6x + 8 = (x \quad)(x \quad)$$

$$2) x^2 + 5x - 14 = (x \quad)(x \quad)$$

2.9 I've Got a Fill-in

A Practice Understanding Task

For each problem below, you are given a piece of information that tells you a lot. Use what you know about that information to fill in the rest.



1.	You get this:	Fill in this:														
	<p>$y = x^2 - x - 12$ $b = -1$ $c = -12$</p> <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: top;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">-12</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">SUM</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">$-3, 4$</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">$-3 + 4 = 1$</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;"><u>$3, -4$</u></td> <td style="padding: 5px;"><u>$3 + (-4) = -1$</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">$-6, 2$</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">$-6 + 2 = -4$</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">$6, -2$</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">$6 + (-2) = 4$</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">$-12, 1$</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">$-12 + 1 = -11$</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">$12, -1$</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">$12 + (-1) = 11$</td> </tr> </table> <p style="color: red; margin-left: 20px;"> \downarrow y-intercept x-intercepts: $y = 0^2 - 0 - 12$ $y = -12$ $(0, -12)$ </p>	-12	SUM	$-3, 4$	$-3 + 4 = 1$	<u>$3, -4$</u>	<u>$3 + (-4) = -1$</u>	$-6, 2$	$-6 + 2 = -4$	$6, -2$	$6 + (-2) = 4$	$-12, 1$	$-12 + 1 = -11$	$12, -1$	$12 + (-1) = 11$	<p>Factored form on the equation:</p> <p style="font-size: 1.5em; color: blue;">$(x+3)(x-4)$</p> <p style="color: red;">$0 = (x+3)(x-4)$</p> <p style="color: blue;">$x = -3, 4$ \rightarrow $(-3, 0)$ $(4, 0)$</p> <p>Graph of the equation:</p> <p style="color: blue; font-size: 0.8em;">Vertex: $-\frac{-3+4}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$</p>
-12	SUM															
$-3, 4$	$-3 + 4 = 1$															
<u>$3, -4$</u>	<u>$3 + (-4) = -1$</u>															
$-6, 2$	$-6 + 2 = -4$															
$6, -2$	$6 + (-2) = 4$															
$-12, 1$	$-12 + 1 = -11$															
$12, -1$	$12 + (-1) = 11$															

HW: pg. 53-56 - pick 4 more from 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

SKIP: pg 57-59

if $x = -3$

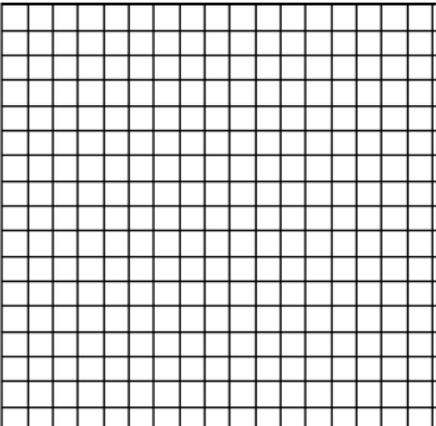
$$y = (-3+3)(-3-4)$$

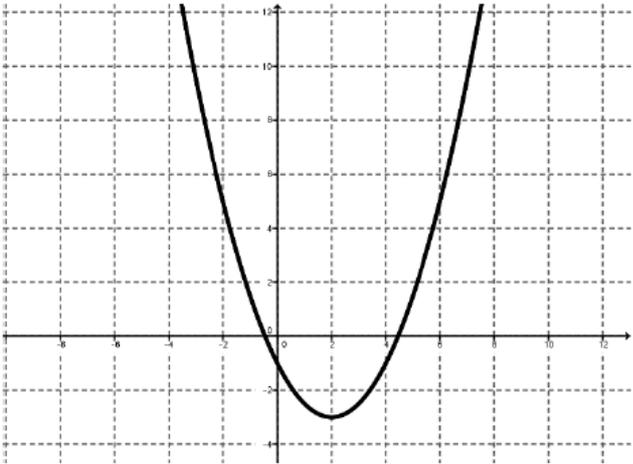
$$= 0(-7) = 0$$

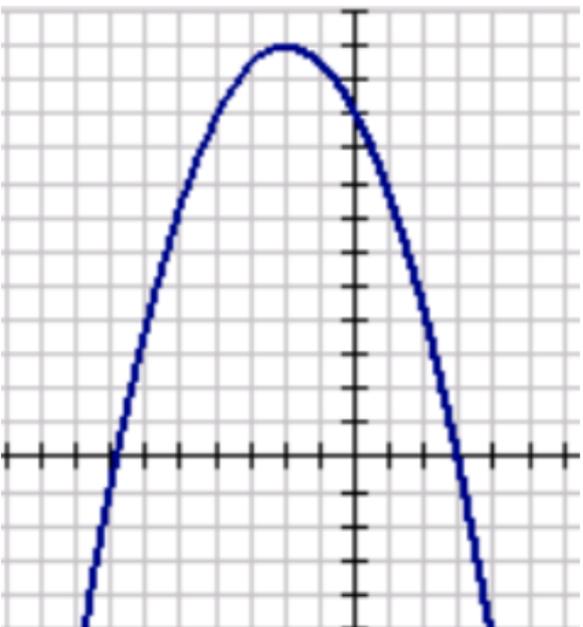
if $x = 4$

$$y = (4+3)(4-4)$$

$$y = 7(0) = 0$$

2. You get this:	Fill in this:
$y = x^2 - 6x + 3$	Vertex form of the equation:
	Graph of the equation: 

3. You get this:	Fill in this:
	Vertex form of the equation:
	Standard form of the equation:

4. You get this:	Fill in this:
	Factored form of the equation:
	Standard form of the equation:

5.	You get this:	Fill in this:
	$y = -x^2 - 6x + 16$	Either form of the equation other than standard form.
		Vertex of the parabola
		x-intercepts and y-intercept

6.	You get this:	Fill in this:
	$y = 2x^2 + 12x + 13$	Either form of the equation other than standard form.
		Vertex of the parabola
		x-intercepts and y-intercept

7.	You get this:	Fill in this:
	$y = -2x^2 + 14x + 60$	Either form of the equation other than standard form.
		Vertex of the parabola
		x-intercepts and y-intercept

Homework

Finish 2.9 "Ready, Set, Go"