

Starter

Get out your 6.3 packet, we will go over any questions you have soon!

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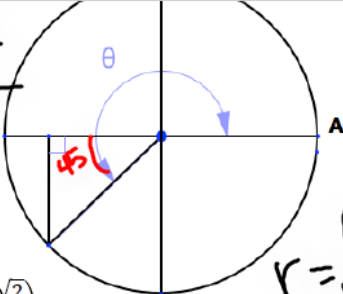
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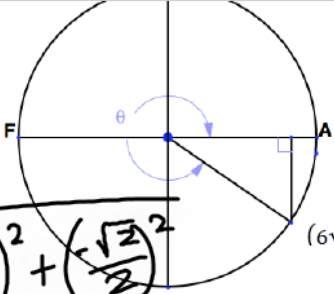
7. $\sin \theta = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}$

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$(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})$



8.



$(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, -\frac{1}{2})$

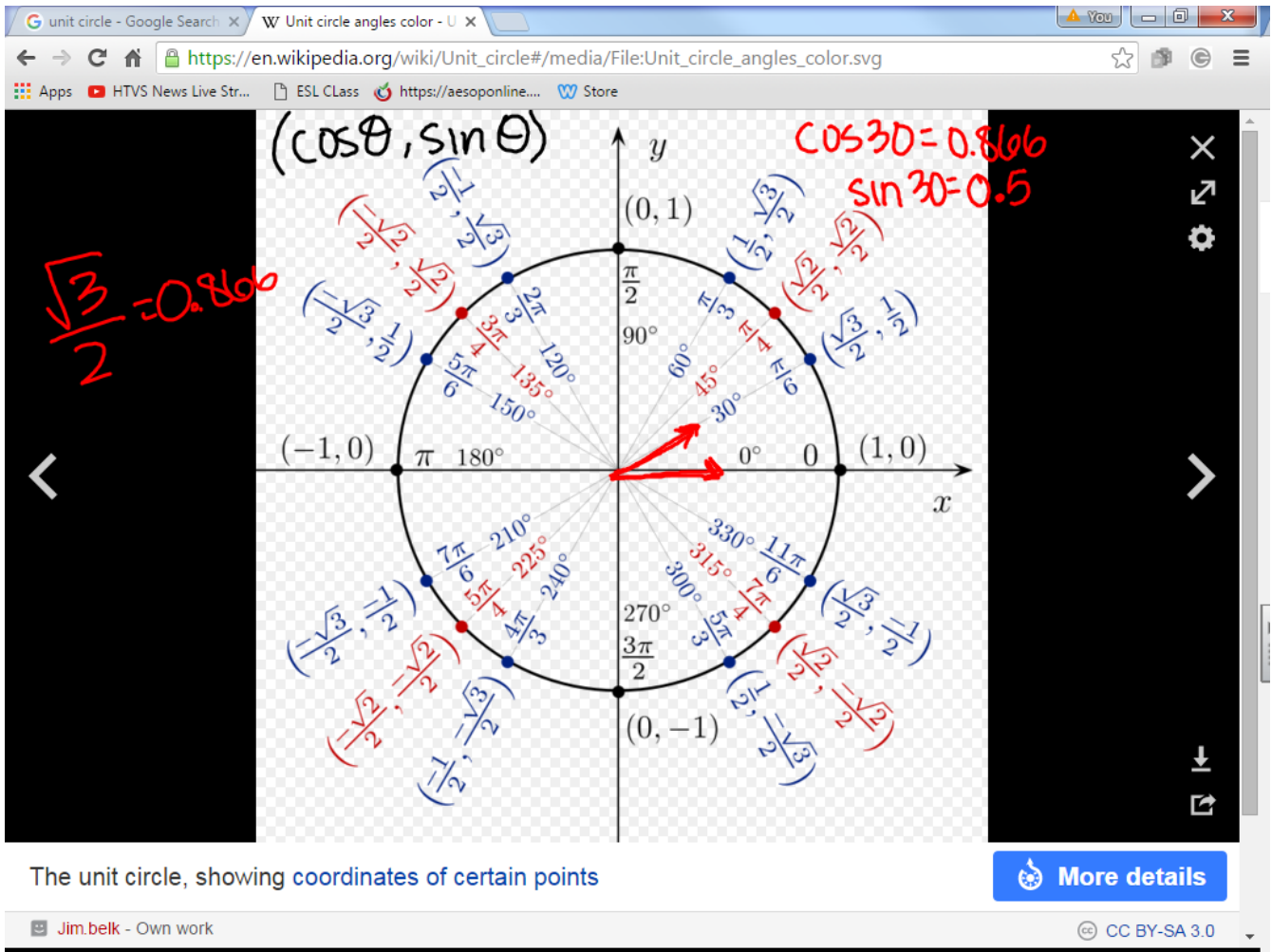
$$r = \sqrt{\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 + \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2}{4} + \frac{2}{4}} = \sqrt{1} = 1$$

9. In each graph above, the angle of rotation is indicated by an arc and θ . Describe the angles of rotation that make the y-values of the points be positive and the angles of rotation that make the y-values be negative.

Mathematics Vision Project | MVP

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Degrees \rightarrow Radians

$$\theta \cdot \frac{\pi}{180^\circ}$$

θ in degrees

Radians \rightarrow Degrees

$$\theta \cdot \frac{180^\circ}{\pi}$$

θ in radians

$$\frac{10^\circ}{1} \cdot \frac{\pi}{180^\circ} = \frac{10\pi}{180} = \frac{\pi}{18}$$

or 0.17 radians

$$\frac{2\pi}{5} \cdot \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} = \frac{2(180)}{5} = 72^\circ$$

Schedule

-Go over 6.3

-SAGE Review