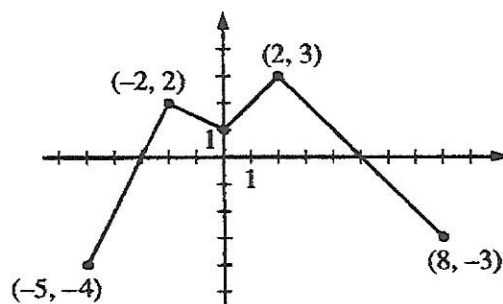


Name: _____

AP CALCULUS AB
Applications of integrals
Practice AP problems

No calculator.

1.



Graph of f

The continuous function f is defined on the interval $-5 \leq x \leq 8$. The graph of f , which consists of four line segments, is shown in the figure above. Let g be the function given by $g(x) = 2x + \int_{-2}^x f(t) dt$.

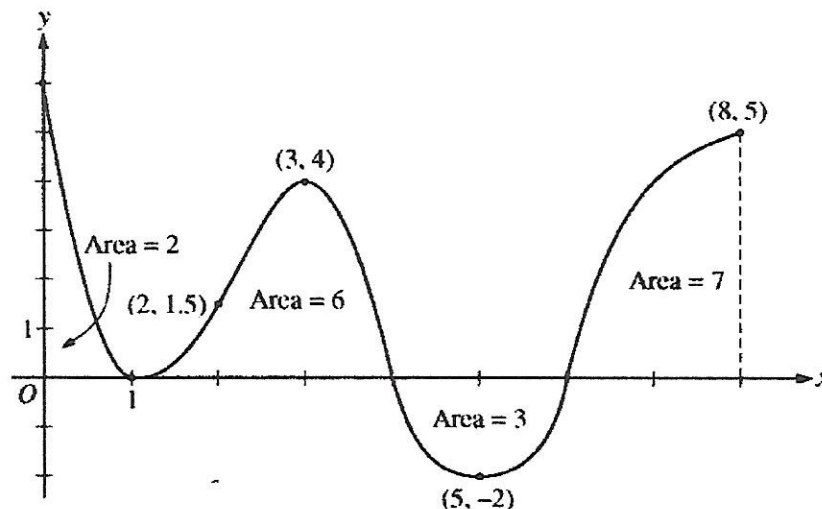
(a) Find $g(0)$ and $g(-5)$.

(b) Find $g'(x)$ in terms of $f(x)$. For each of $g''(4)$ and $g''(-2)$, find the value or state that it does not exist.

(c) On what intervals, if any, is the graph of g concave down? Give a reason for your answer.

(d) The function h is given by $h(x) = g(x^3 + 1)$. Find $h'(1)$. Show the work that leads to your answer.

2.



Graph of f'

The figure above shows the graph of f' , the derivative of a twice-differentiable function f , on the closed interval $0 \leq x \leq 8$. The graph of f' has horizontal tangent lines at $x = 1$, $x = 3$, and $x = 5$. The areas of the regions between the graph of f' and the x -axis are labeled in the figure. The function f is defined for all real numbers and satisfies $f(8) = 4$.

- Find all values of x on the open interval $0 < x < 8$ for which the function f has a local minimum. Justify your answer.
- Determine the absolute minimum value of f on the closed interval $0 \leq x \leq 8$. Justify your answer.
- On what open intervals contained in $0 < x < 8$ is the graph of f both concave down and increasing? Explain your reasoning.
- The function g is defined by $g(x) = (f(x))^3$. If $f(3) = -\frac{5}{2}$, find the slope of the line tangent to the graph of g at $x = 3$.

Calculator allowed

3.

t (hours)	0	0.4	0.8	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.4
$v(t)$ (miles per hour)	0	11.8	9.5	17.2	16.3	16.8	20.1

- Ruth rode her bicycle on a straight trail. She recorded her velocity $v(t)$, in miles per hour, for selected values of t over the interval $0 \leq t \leq 2.4$ hours, as shown in the table above. For $0 < t \leq 2.4$, $v(t) > 0$.
- (a) Use the data in the table to approximate Ruth's acceleration at time $t = 1.4$ hours. Show the computations that lead to your answer. Indicate units of measure.

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- (b) Using correct units, interpret the meaning of $\int_0^{2.4} v(t) dt$ in the context of the problem. Approximate $\int_0^{2.4} v(t) dt$ using a midpoint Riemann sum with three subintervals of equal length and values from the table.

- (c) For $0 \leq t \leq 2.4$ hours, Ruth's velocity can be modeled by the function g given by $g(t) = \frac{24t + 5\sin(6t)}{t + 0.7}$. According to the model, what was Ruth's average velocity during the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 2.4$?

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- (d) According to the model given in part (c), is Ruth's speed increasing or decreasing at time $t = 1.3$? Give a reason for your answer.