

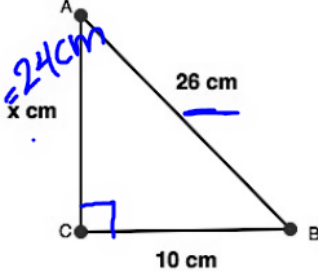
Questions on 5.2 HW?

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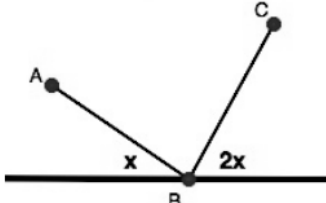
Examine the diagram and add any information that you are given. Think how you can use what you have been given and what you know to answer the question. Plan a strategy for finding the value of x. Follow your plan. Justify each step.

20. Given: $m\angle C = 90^\circ$

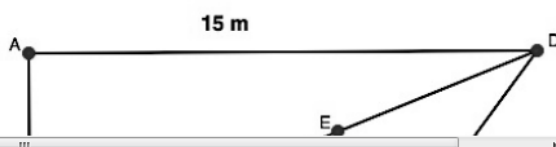
$x^2 + 10^2 = 26^2$
 $x^2 + 100 = 676$
 $\quad -100 \quad -100$
 $\hline \sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{576}$
 $x = 24$



21. Given $m\angle ABC = 90^\circ$



22. Given: $\triangle BEC$, $\triangle CED$, and $\triangle DAB$ are right triangles.



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24. Label points C, E, D with the correct ordered pairs.
25. Translate $\triangle CED$ down 4 and right 6. Label the image as $\triangle C'E'D'$ and include the new ordered pairs.
26. Draw $\overline{CC'}$, $\overline{EE'}$, and $\overline{DD'}$. What is the slope of each of these line segments?
27. Reflect $\triangle CED$ across the $x = 0$ line. Label the image $\triangle C''E''D''$. Include the new ordered pairs. Draw $\overline{C'C''}$ and $\overline{E'E''}$. Why didn't you need to draw $\overline{D'D''}$? What is the relationship between $\overline{C'C''}$ and $\overline{E'E''}$ to the $x = 0$ line?
28. Rotate $\triangle CED$ 180° about the point $(-2, 0)$. Label the image $\triangle C'''E'''D'''$. Include the new ordered pairs.

5.3 It's All In Your Head

A Solidify Understanding Task

In the previous task you were asked to justify some claims by writing paragraphs explaining how various figures were constructed and how those constructions convinced you that the claims were true. Perhaps you found it difficult to say everything you felt you just knew.

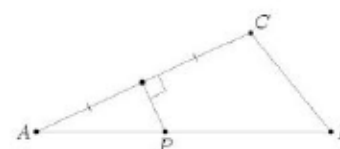
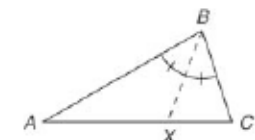
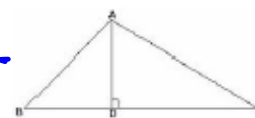
Sometimes we all find it difficult to explain our ideas and to get those ideas out of our heads and written down on paper.



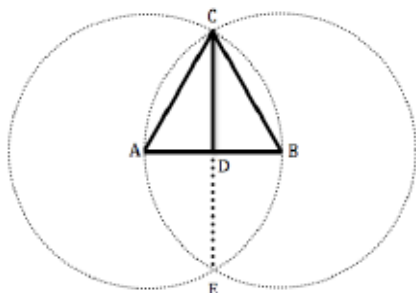
Organizing ideas and breaking complex relationships down into smaller chunks can make the task of proving a claim more manageable. One way to do this is to use a flow diagram.

First, some definitions:

- In a triangle, an **altitude** is a line segment drawn from a vertex perpendicular to the opposite side (or an extension of the opposite side).
- In a triangle, a **median** is a line segment drawn from a vertex to the midpoint of the opposite side.
- In a triangle, an **angle bisector** is a line segment or ray drawn from a vertex that cuts the angle in half.
- In a triangle, a **perpendicular bisector of a side** is a line drawn perpendicular to a side of the triangle through its midpoint.

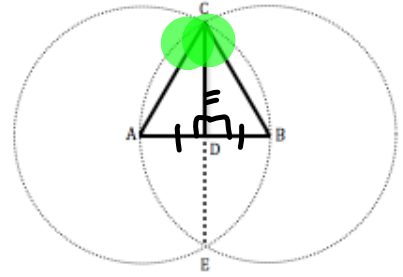


Travis used a compass and straightedge to construct an equilateral triangle. He then folded his diagram across the two points of intersection of the circles to construct a line of reflection. Travis, Tehani, Carlos and Clarita are trying to decide what to name the line segment from C to D.

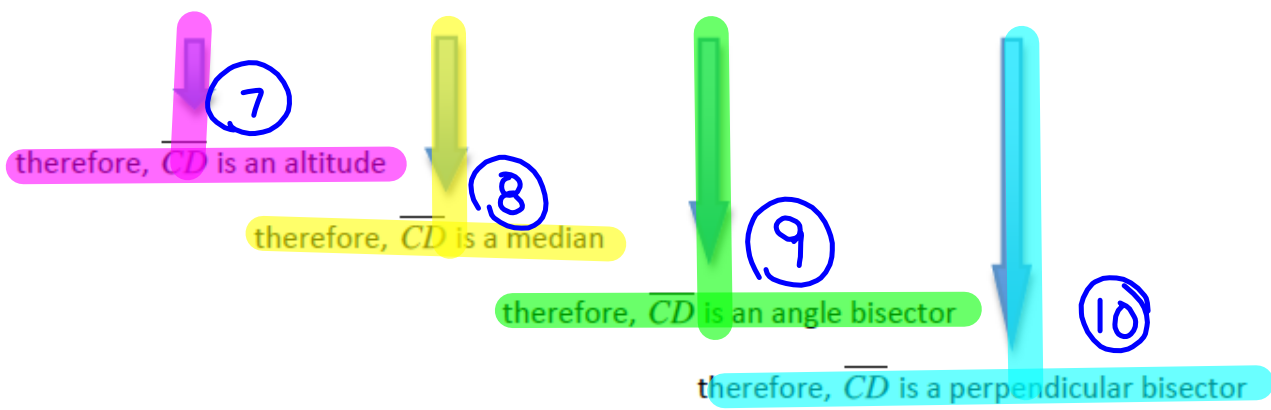
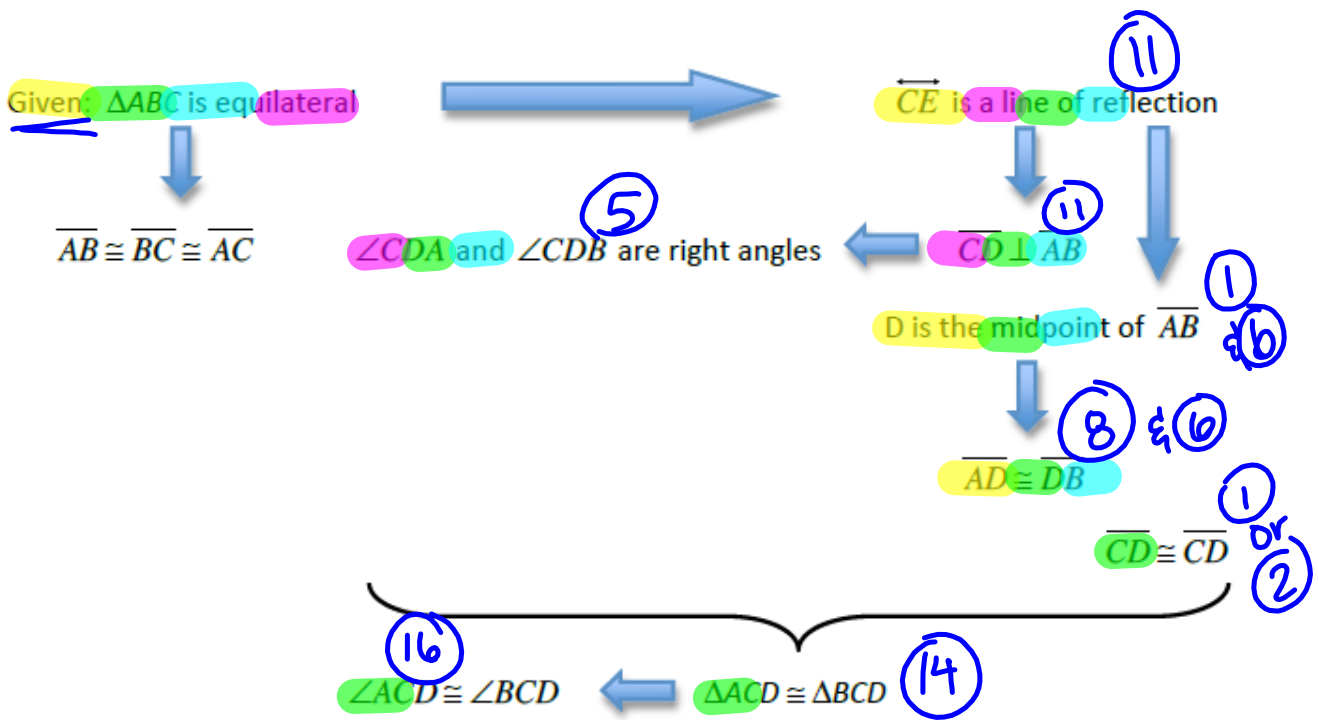


Travis thinks the line segment they have constructed is also a median of the equilateral triangle. Tehani thinks it is an angle bisector. Clarita thinks it is an altitude and Carlos thinks it is a perpendicular bisector of the opposite side. The four friends are trying to convince each other that they are right.

Here is a flow diagram of statements that can be written to describe relationships in the diagram, or conclusions that can be made by connecting multiple ideas.



Use four different colors to identify the statements each of the students—Travis, Tehani, Carlos and Clarita might use to make their case.



Match each of the arrows and braces in the flow diagram with one of the following reasons that justifies why you can make the connection between the statement (or statements) previously accepted as true and the conclusion that follows:

- Reasons
1. Definition of reflection
 2. Definition of translation
 3. Definition of rotation
 4. Definition of an equilateral triangle
 5. Definition of perpendicular
 6. Definition of midpoint
 7. Definition of altitude
 8. Definition of median
 9. Definition of angle bisector
 10. Definition of perpendicular bisector
 11. Equilateral triangles can be folded onto themselves about a line of reflection
 12. Equilateral triangles can be rotated 60° onto themselves
 13. SSS triangle congruence criteria
 14. SAS triangle congruence criteria
 15. ASA triangle congruence criteria
 16. Corresponding parts of congruent triangles are congruent

Travis and his friends have seen their teacher write two-column proofs in which the reasons justifying a statement are written next to the statement being made. Travis decides to turn his argument into a two column proof, as follows.

Statements	Reasons
$\triangle ABC$ is equilateral	Given
\overline{CE} is a line of reflection	Equilateral triangles can be folded onto themselves about a line of reflection (11)
D is the midpoint of \overline{AB}	Definition of reflection (1)
\overline{CD} is a median	Definition of median (8)

Write each of Tehani's, Carlos', and Clarita's arguments in two-column proof format.

Homework

Finish 5.3 "Ready, Set, Go"