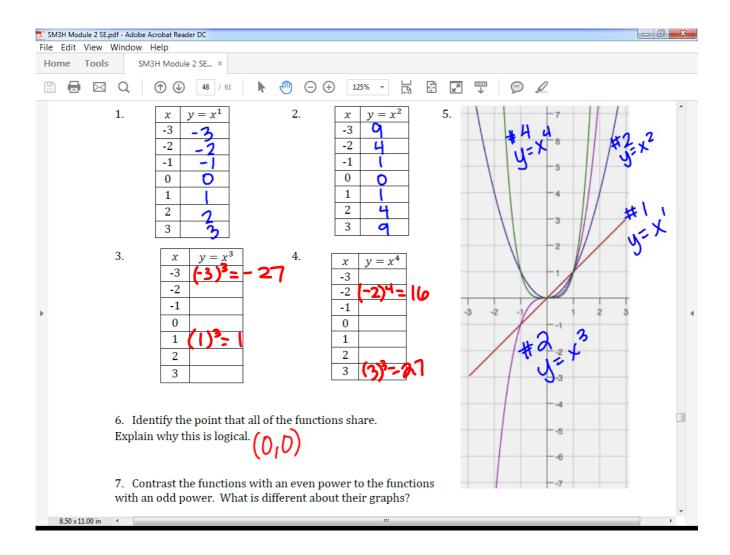
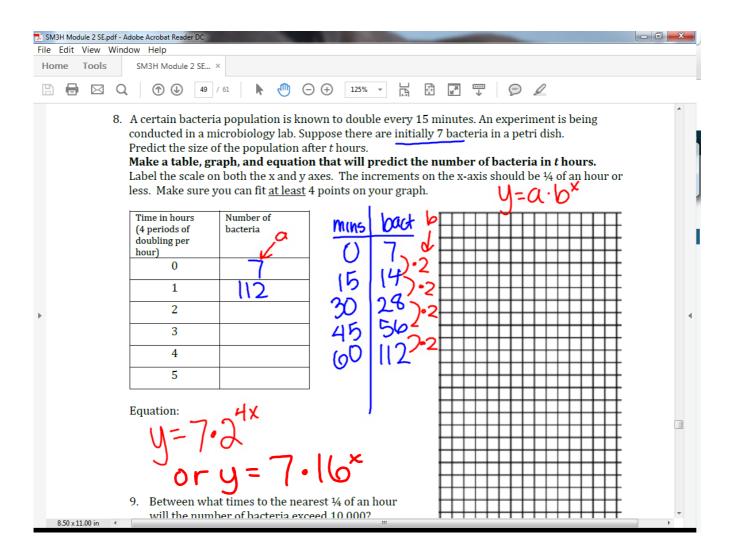
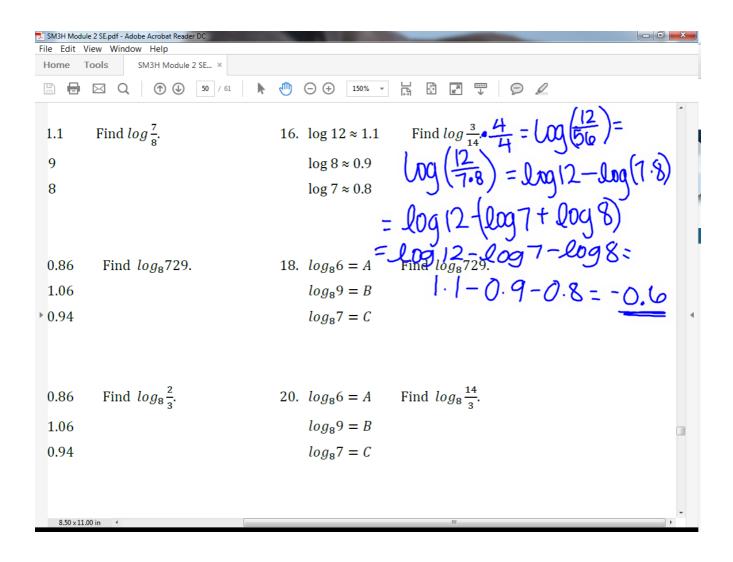
Questions on 2.7H HW? 2.6 HW is due today...no quiz...so get out your 2.7H and finish pages 46-47.







Now you have received a report of a mysterious illness that seems to turn the infected humans into mindless zombies has broken out in a major American city. Since the hungry zombies prey upon innocent people, the outbreak grows continuously at a rate of 12% per day. The outbreak begins with 80 people.

7. How many zombies will there be after 5 days?
$$A = 80 e^{0.12(5)}$$

$$A = 145.77 \approx 145 \text{ zombies}$$

8. How many days will it take for the zombie population to reach 3,700,000 (about the population

of Los Angeles, CA)?
$$\frac{370000}{80} = 80e^{0.12t}$$
 $\log_e x = \ln x$ $\log_e e = \ln e = 1$ $\ln 46250 = 0.12t \cdot \ln e = 1$ $\ln 46250 = 0.12t$ 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12

9. At what rate would the zombie population be growing if it reached 190,000 people (about the population of Salt Lake City, Utah) in 20 days?

Now we're going to get a little more far-fetched in the scenario. Let's say that zombies produce goo that is radioactive and decays continuously with a half-life of 3 years. (That's one more danger of having zombies around.) The half-life tells us that after 3 years, only half of the amount of goo we 10. If we start with 10 pounds of zombie goo, how much will be remaining after 5 years?

$$A = 10e^{-r5}$$
 $A = 10e^{-0.231(5)}$
 $A = 10e^{-0.231(5)}$
 $A = 3.150$

11. How long will it take for the amount of zombie goo to decay to an amount less than 0.5 pounds?

$$\frac{0.5}{10} = \frac{10e^{-0.231(t)}}{10}$$

$$\frac{10}{10} = 0.231t$$

$$\frac{100.05}{-0.231} > \frac{-0.231}{-0.231}$$

$$\frac{12.9685 < t}{12.9685 < t} = \frac{t > 13days}{t > 13days}$$

12. When will there be no zombie goo left?



2.8H Choose This, Not That

A Solidify Understanding Task

In each of the following equations, you are given two options for the next step. Your job is to pick the most productive of the two options, solve the equation and check your solution to be sure that you made the right choice. When you are finished, go back and explain why the option that you did not choose was either wrong or unproductive.



$$1. \qquad \log 2x = 3$$

Option 1:
$$2x = \log 3$$

Option 2:
$$10^3 = 2x$$

Solution: Check:

Why I didn't select Option ____:

2.
$$\ln(x+3) = 2$$

Option 1:
$$\ln x + \ln 3 = 2$$

Option 2:
$$e^2 = x + 3$$

Solution: Check:

Why I didn't select Option ____:

3.
$$\log_3(2x+1)=2$$

Option 1:
$$3^{2x+1} = 3^2$$

Option 2:
$$2x + 1 = 3^2$$

Solution: Check:

Why I didn't select Option ____:

4.
$$\log_5(2x-7) = \log_5 3$$

Option 1:
$$2x - 7 = 3$$

Option 2:
$$5^3 = 2x - 7$$

$$5. \qquad 2\log_3 x = \log_3 4$$

Option 1:
$$2x = 4$$

Option 2:
$$\log_3 x^2 = \log_3 4$$

6.
$$3\ln x = \ln 16 + \ln 4$$

Option 1:
$$\ln x^3 = \ln(16 \cdot 4)$$

Option 2:
$$3x = 16 + 4$$

Why I didn't select Option ____:

7.
$$\log_2 2x - \log_2(x-2) = \log_2 3$$

Option 1:
$$\log_2\left(\frac{2x}{x-2}\right) = \log_2 3$$

Option 2:
$$\frac{\log_2 2x}{\log_2(x-2)} = \log_2 3$$

Why I didn't select Option ____:

$$8. \qquad -2 = \log_x \frac{1}{9}$$

Option 1:
$$x^{-2} = \frac{1}{9}$$

Option 2:
$$-2 = \log_x 1 - \log_x 9$$

Solution:

Check:

Why I didn't select Option ____:

9.
$$x = \log_3 10$$

Option 1:
$$x^3 = 10$$

Option 2:
$$3^x = 10$$

Solution:

Check:

Why I didn't select Option ____:

10.
$$\log_a(x^2+1) + 2\log_a 4 = \log_a 40x$$

Option 1:
$$\log_a 16(x^2 + 1) = \log_a 40x$$
 Option 2: $\log_a 8(x^2 + 1) = \log_a 40x$

$$\log_{-} 8(x^2 + 1) = \log_{-} 40x$$

Solution:

Check:

Why I didn't select Option ____:

Homework

Finish 2.8H "Ready, Set, Go"