

Open up your books to pg. 9 start working on it. We will review these problems and go over 2.1 HW shortly.

Go

Topic: Properties of Exponents

Write each expression as an integer or a simple fraction.

17. 27^0

18. $11(-6)^0 = 11$

19. -3^{-2}

20. $4^{-3} = \frac{1}{4^3} = \frac{1}{64}$

21. $\frac{9}{2^{-1}}$

22. $\frac{4^8}{8^0}$

23. $\frac{4^0}{2^{-5}}$

24. $3\left(\frac{29^8}{15}\right)^0 = 3$

25. $42 \cdot 6^{-4}$

26. $\frac{3}{6^{-1}}$

27. $\frac{7^{-2}}{4^{-1}} = \frac{\frac{1}{7^2}}{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{1}{49} \cdot \frac{4}{1} = \frac{4}{49}$

$\frac{4^1}{7^2}$

28. $\frac{32^{-1}}{4^{-1}} = \frac{4^1}{32^1} = \frac{4}{32} = \frac{1}{8}$

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Graph each function over the domain $\{-4 \leq x \leq 4\}$.

1. $y = 2^x$

2. $y = 2 \cdot 2^x = 2^{x+1}$

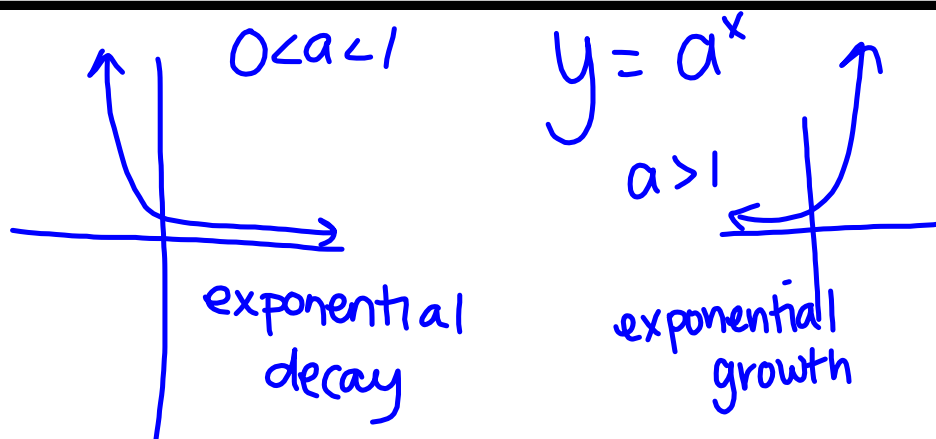
3. $y = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$

4. $y = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$

5. Compare graph #1 to graph #2. Multiplying by 2 should generate a dilation of the graph, but the graph looks like it has been translated horizontally. How do you explain that?

Exponent rules; $2 \cdot 2^x = 2^{x+1}$, which moves 2^x left 1 unit.

6. Compare graph #3 to graph #4. Is your explanation in #5 still valid for these two graphs? Explain.



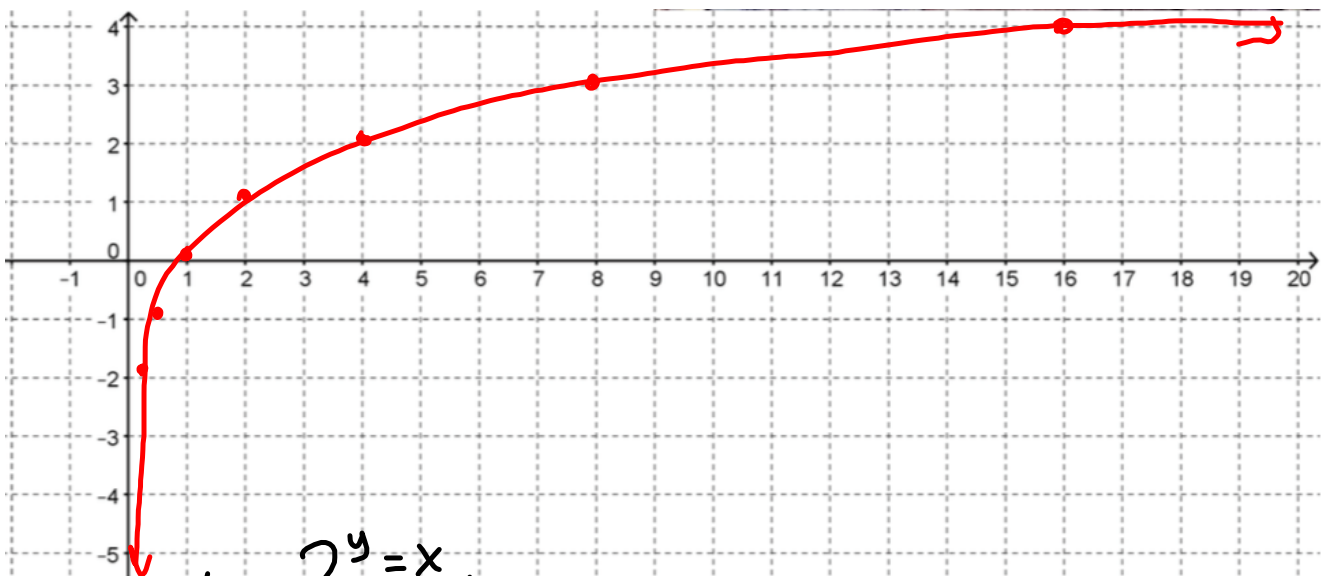
2.2 Falling Off A Log

A Solidify Understanding Task



- Construct a table of values and a graph for each of the following functions. Be sure to select at least two values in the interval $0 < x < 1$.

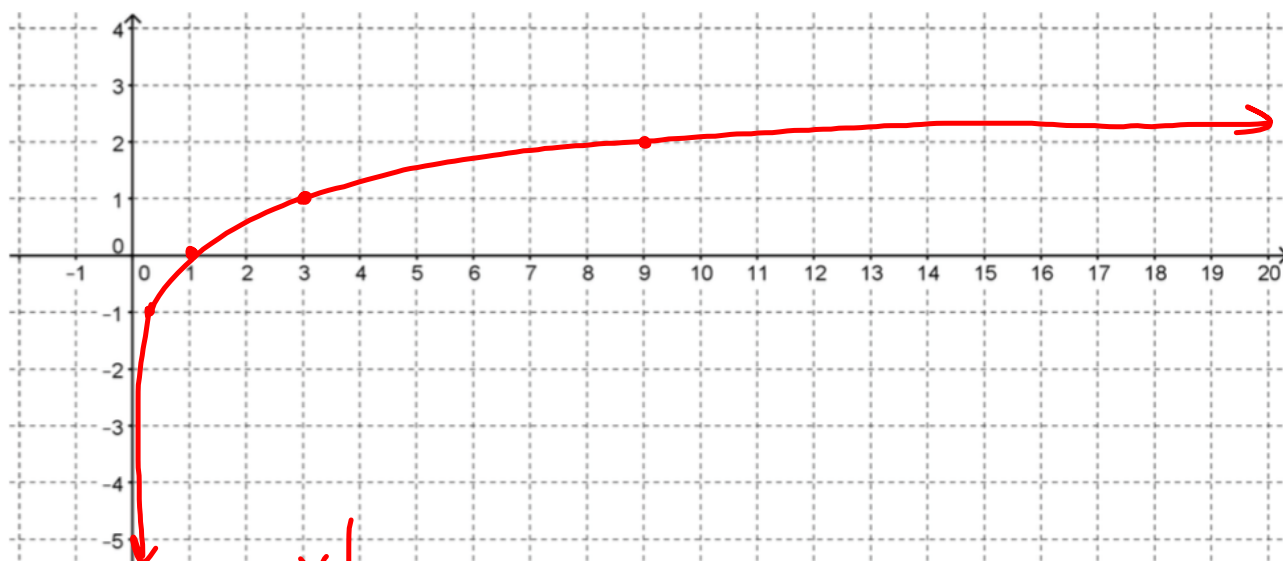
a) $f(x) = \log_2 x$



$2^y = x$

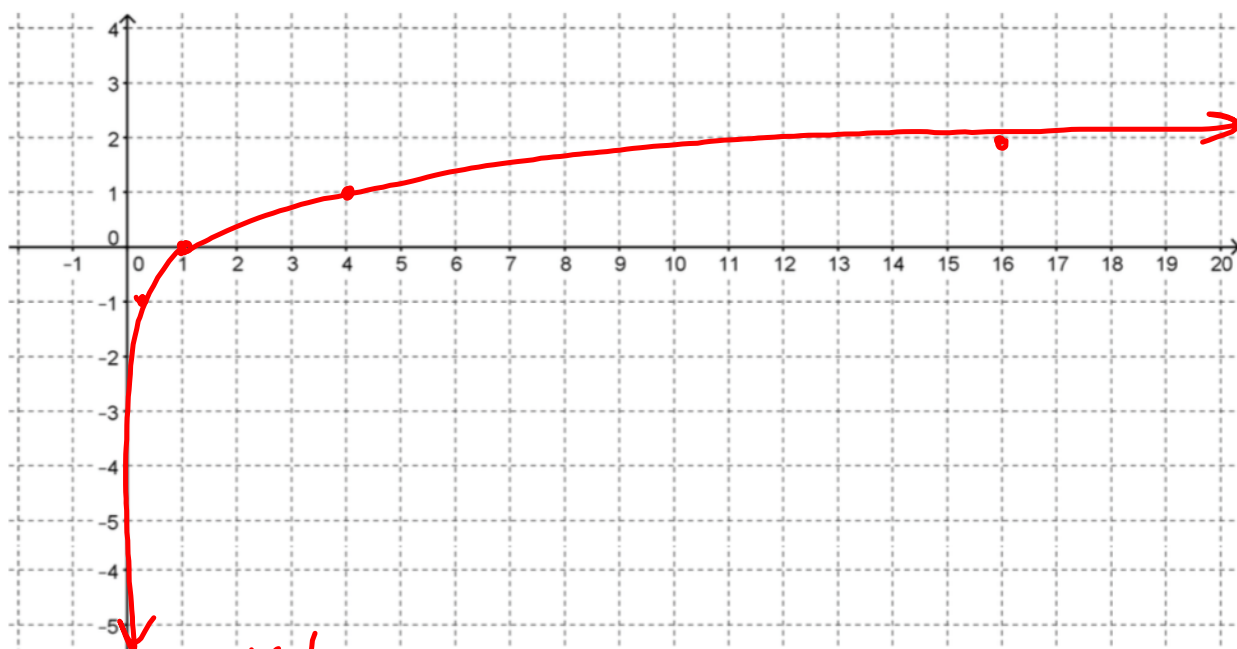
x	$y = \log_2 x$	y
$\frac{1}{4}$	$2^{-2} = \frac{1}{4} / \log_2(\frac{1}{4}) = -2$	-2
$\frac{1}{2}$	$2^{-1} = \frac{1}{2} / \log_2(\frac{1}{2}) = -1$	-1
1	$2^0 = 1$ or $\log_2 1 = 0$	0
2	$2^1 = 2$ or $\log_2 2 = 1$	1
4	$2^2 = 4$ or $\log_2 4 = 2$	2
8	$2^3 = 8$ or $\log_2 8 = 3$	3

b) $g(x) = \log_3 x$



X	Y
$\frac{1}{3}$	-1
1	0
3	1
9	2

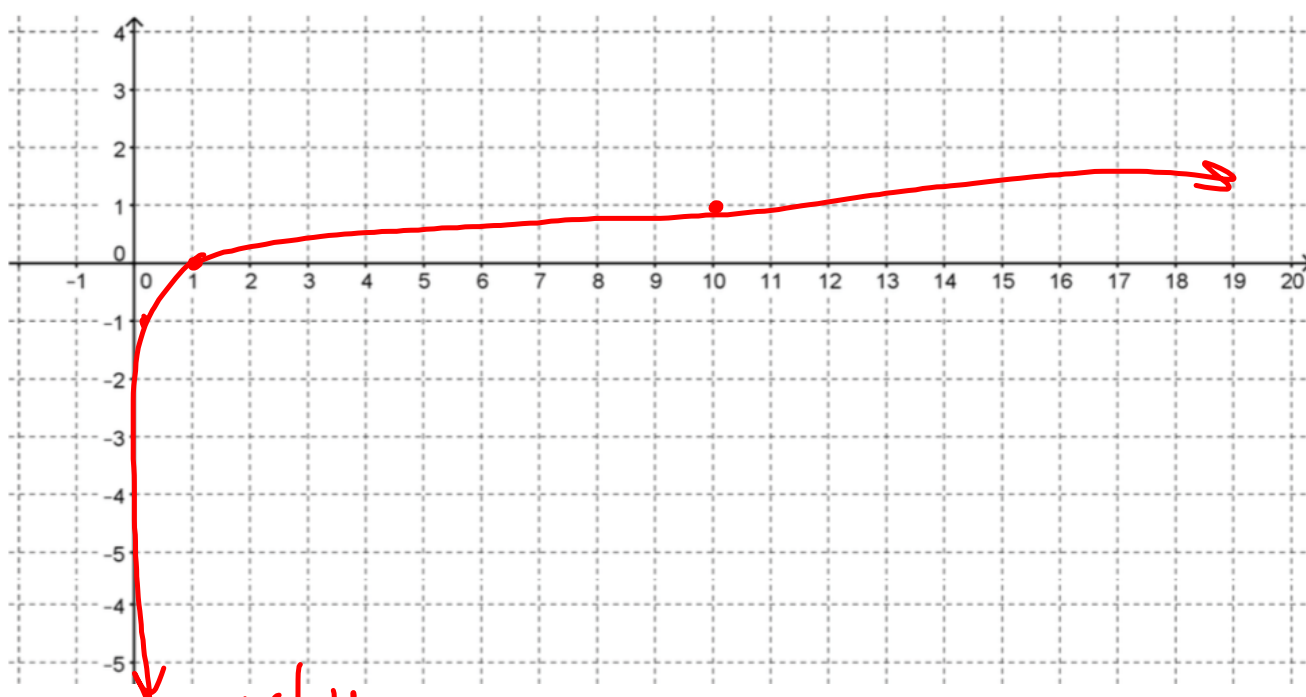
c) $h(x) = \log_4 x$



x	y
$\frac{1}{4}$	-2
1	0
4	1
16	2

d) $k(x) = \log_{10}x$

*you will need graph paper for this graph, it is missing on your paper



x	y
1/10	-1
1	0
10	1

2. How did you decide what values to use for x in your table?

chose x 's that are powers
of the base

3. How did you use the x values to find the y values in the table?

plug in x 's

4. What similarities do you see in the graphs?

Same shape

$(1,0)$

5. What differences do you observe in the graphs?

as the base increases, the curve becomes
sharper

6. What is the effect of changing the base on the graph of a logarithmic function?

5

- a) Let's focus now on $k(x) = \log_{10}x$ so that we can use technology to observe the effects of changing parameters on the function. Because base 10 is a very commonly used base for exponential and logarithmic functions, it is often abbreviated and written without the base, like this: $k(x) = \log x$.
- b) Use technology to graph $y = \log x$. How does the graph compare to the graph that you constructed?

same

- e) How do you predict that the graph of $y = a + \log x$ will be different from the graph of $y = \log x$?

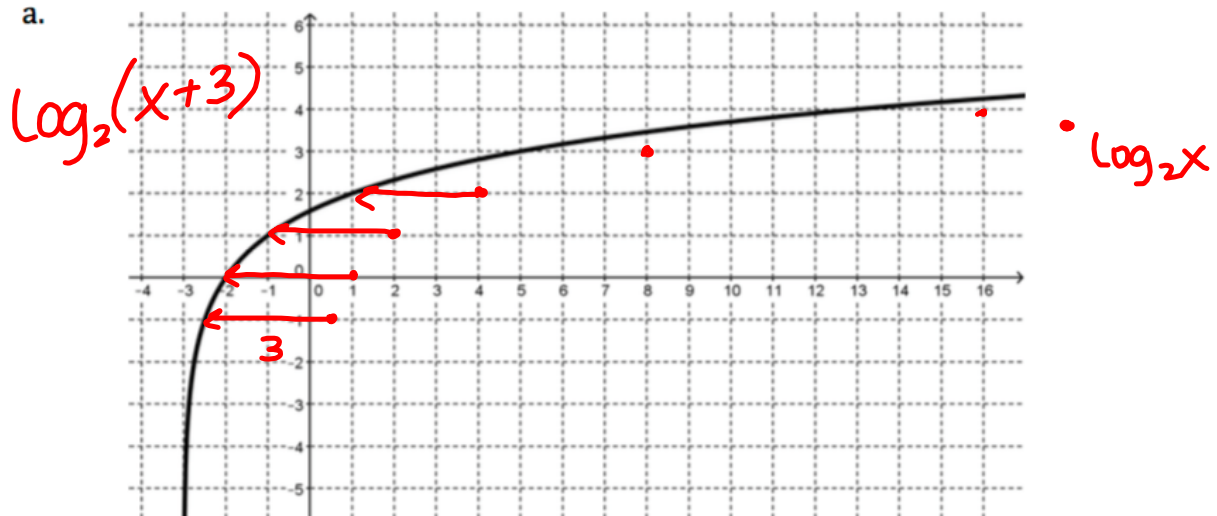
- f) Test your prediction by graphing $y = a + \log x$ for various values of a . What is the effect of a ? Make a general argument for why this would be true for all logarithmic functions.

translates
~~moves~~ graph up or
down a units.

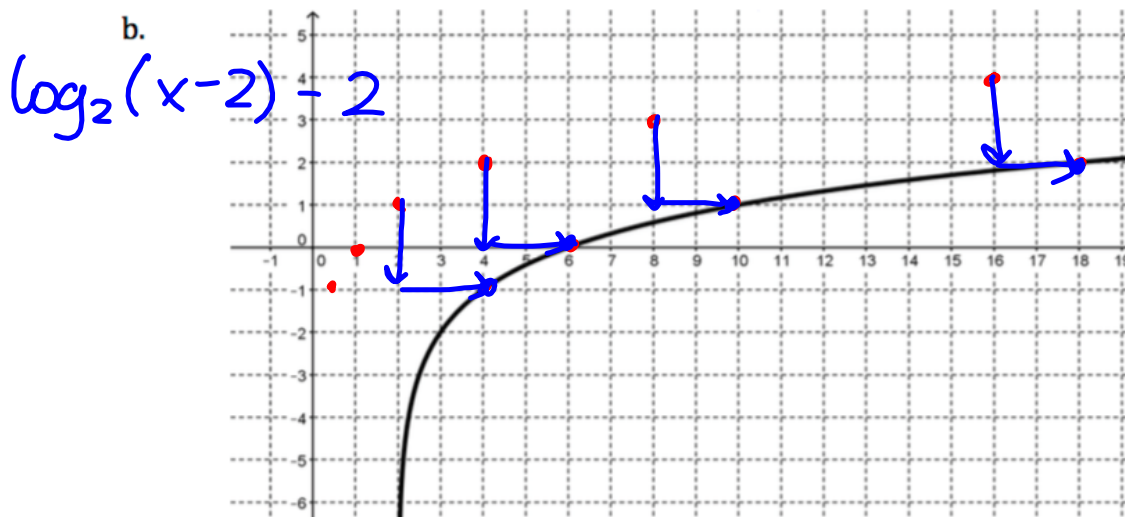
- g) How do you predict that the graph of $y = \log(x + b)$ will be different from the graph of $y = \log x$?
- h) Test your prediction by graphing $y = \log(x + b)$ for various values of b .
- What is the effect of adding b ?
translates $\leftarrow b$ units
 - What will be the effect of subtracting b ?
translates $\rightarrow b$ units
 - Make a general argument for why this is true for all logarithmic functions.

7. Write an equation for each of the following functions that are transformations of $f(x) = \log_2 x$.

a.

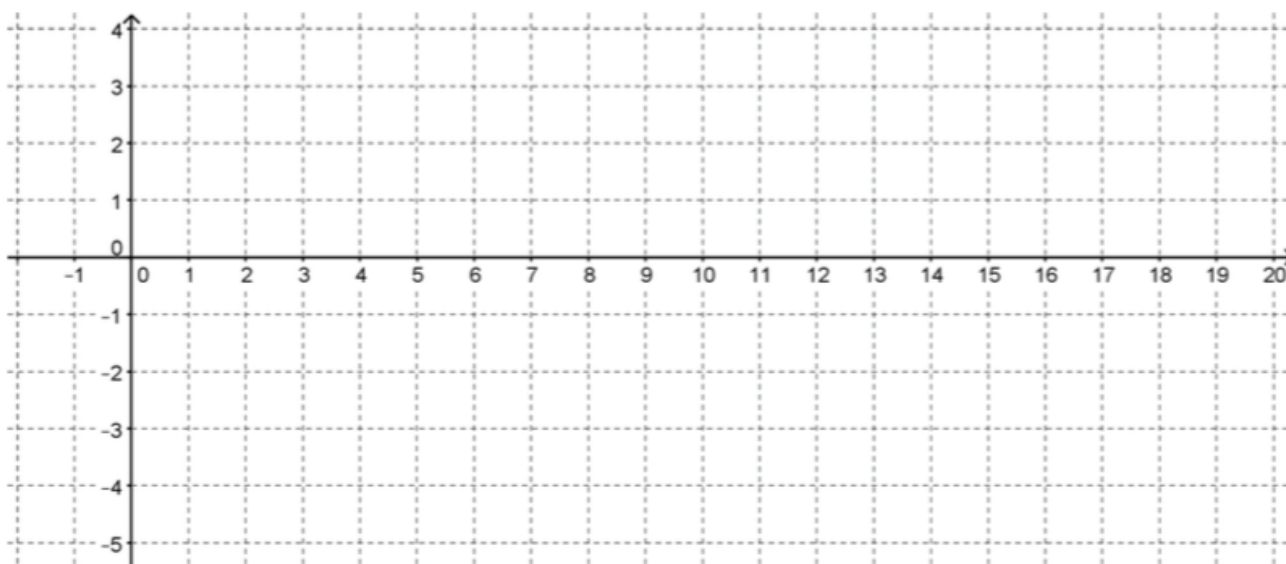


b.

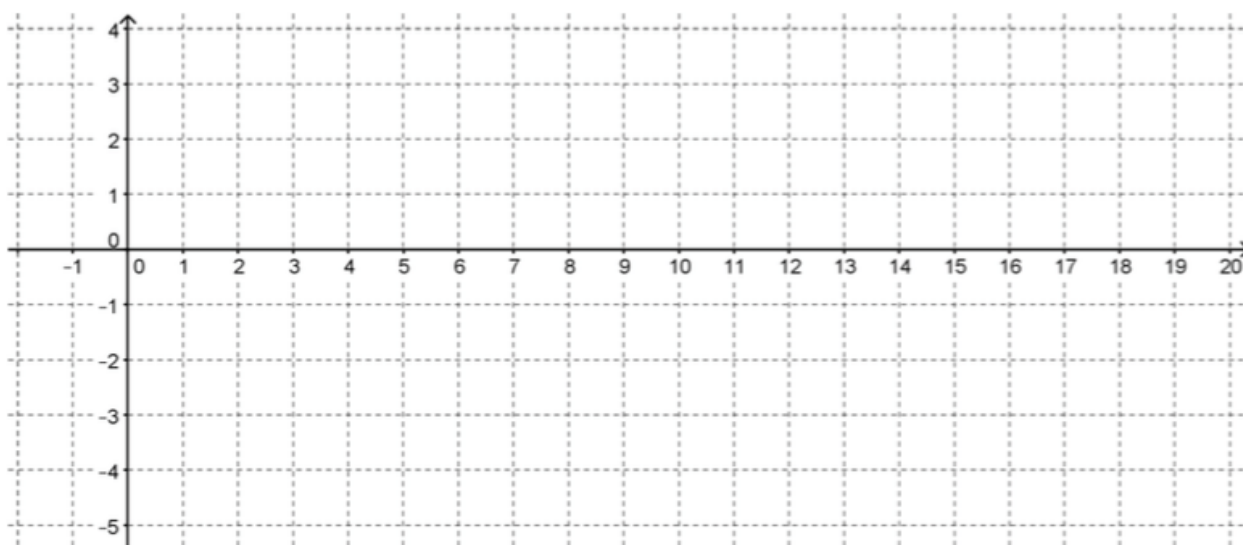


8. Graph and label each of the following functions:

a. $f(x) = 2 + \log_2(x - 1)$



b. $g(x) = -1 + \log_2(x + 2)$



9. Compare the transformation of the graphs of logarithmic functions with the transformation of the graphs of quadratic functions.

Homework

Finish 2.2 "Ready, Set, Go"